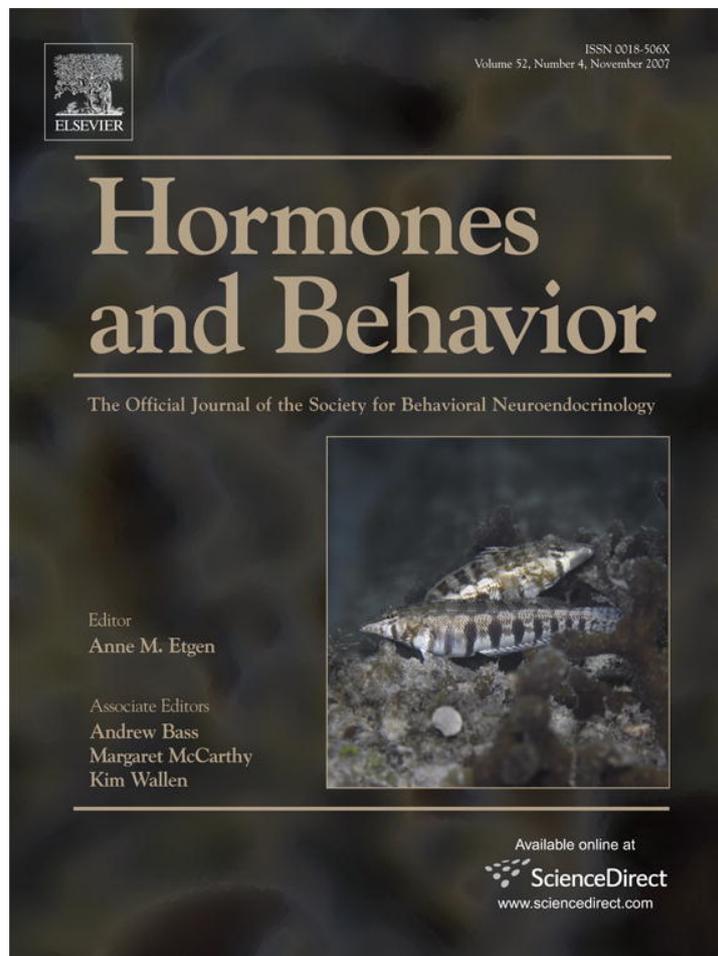


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Erratum

Erratum to “The impact of ecological variability on the reproductive endocrinology of wild female African elephants”
[Horm. Behav. 51 (2007) 346–354]

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The publisher regrets that Fig. 2 does not appear correctly in the published article, and the checkered column signifying estrus is indistinguishable from the striped column indicating birth. The corrected Fig. 2 is shown here.

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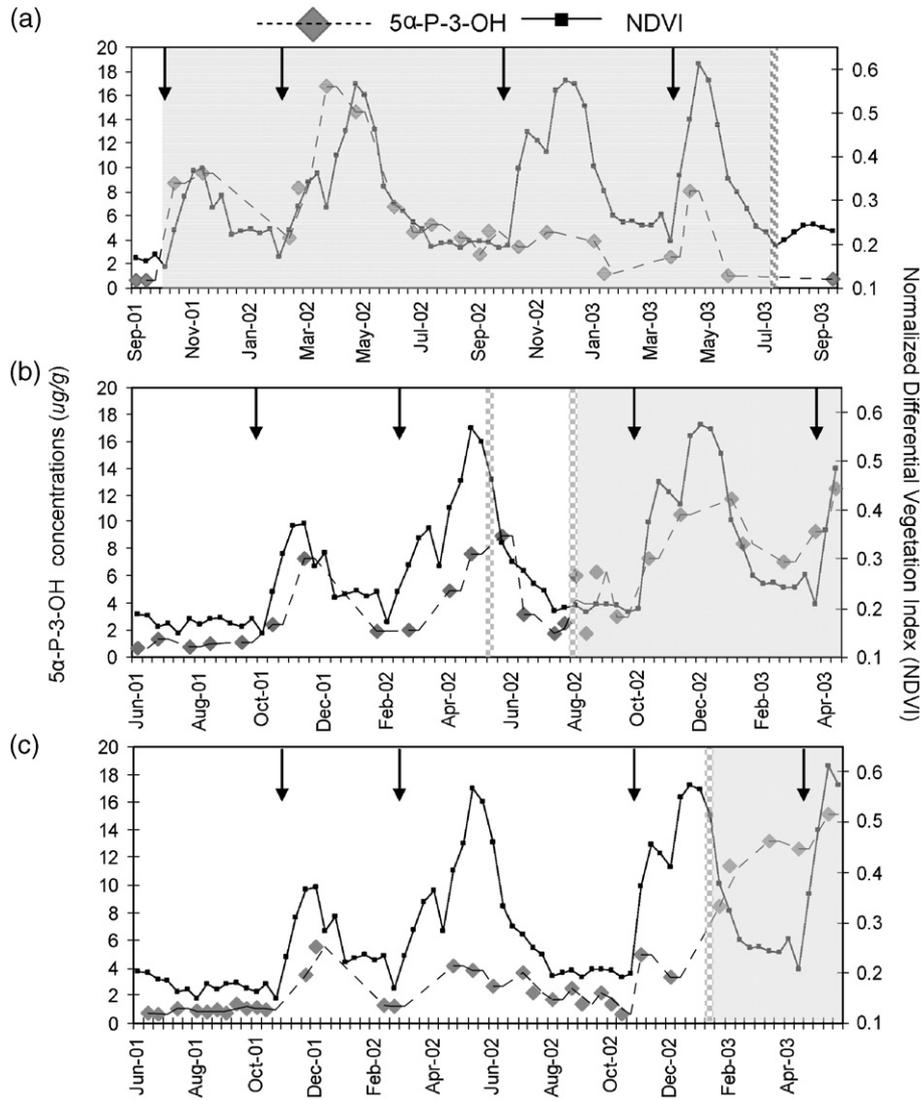


Fig. 2. Individual profiles of 5 α -pregnane-3-ol-20-one (5 α -P-3-OH) concentration extracted from dung samples for three females collected during the 2-year study. The 10-day composite Normalized Differential Vegetation Index (NDVI) values (line) are shown over the same period. Ten-day periods containing an observed estrus event are highlighted with a checkered pattern. Ten-day periods containing a known birth date are highlighted with a striped pattern. Pregnant periods are highlighted in gray. Arrows indicate the onset of wet seasons. Profile (a) containing 22 samples covers a complete pregnancy though estrus was not observed for this female (and therefore not indicated). Profile (b) containing 26 samples depicts two behavioral estrus events where only the second resulted in pregnancy. Profile (c) containing 33 samples shows the first estrus and pregnancy of a primiparous female.